

# Hong Kong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

No. 1043

三十四百四十一

日一月六日七十精光

HONGKONG THURSDAY, JULY 16TH, 1891.

四周年

洪六月七英港香

PRICE 2½ PER MONTH.

NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, &c., should be addressed to the "Daily Press," only, and special business matters to "The Manager." Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered in the fixed period will be considered and countermanded.

Orders for extra copies of the "Daily Press" should be sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited.

Telegraphic Address: Press, Telephone No. 12.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

I SHALL continue to carry on BUSINESS FOR TAI-LOV AND TAI-ANFOO (FORMOSA), MERCHANT and GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT. D. MONCREEF WRIGHT. Taiwanfou, 15th July, 1891. [1708]

POSTPONEMENT.

THE MEETING advertised to take place YESTERDAY AT 10 A.M. for the purpose of taking into consideration the appointment of a CONSUL to represent HIS IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPEROR OF CHINA in HONGKONG, is POSTPONED until THURSDAY, the 23rd instant, at 4 P.M.

P. BYRNE.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1891. [1703]

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

CHEAP EXCURSION TO MACAO AND BAU.

W. BATHER will leave HONGKONG on SUNDAY, the 19th inst., at 8 A.M., returning from MACAO at 10 P.M.

Passengers wishing to return by the Kung-chow-leung Macao, 8 P.M. can do so.

Second Class or Single Passage Chinese wants 50 cents each way. No Chits will be taken.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

T. ARNOLD, Secretary.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1891. [1704]

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION, NO. 107.

A PPLICATION having been made to the COMMISSIONER OF LANDS BY KEE WO for a COPY of SANDAKAN TOWN GRANT No. 212, dated the 26th March, 1890, whereby a certain Town Lot situated in the Town of Sandakan was granted to YUEN KEE WO, Afterwards the Applicant for YUEN KEE WO, on the ground that the original thereof has been lost.

Notice is hereby given, that unless within 6 months from the date good cause is shown to the Commissioner of Lands for refusing this application, the copy applied for will be granted.

By His Excellency,

H. E. TALBOT, Acting Commissioner of Lands.

Land Office, Sandakan, 23rd April, 1891. [1705]

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 295 of 9th July, the ACTING LIBRARY TRACTOR from the 1st to the 31st will take place on FRIDAY and SATURDAY next, at 11 A.M. instead of 9 A.M. as therein notified.

There will be no PRATIC on THURSDAY.

By Command,

W. M. GOODMAN, Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 15th July, 1891. [1707]

THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAM-SHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA VIA AMOY.

THE Company's Steamship "ESMERALDA" will be despatched for the above Ports TO-DAY, the 16th inst., at 4 P.M. instead of as previously advertised.

For Freight or Passages apply to

SHAW & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 15th July, 1891. [1708]

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, AND CALCUTTA.

THE Company's Steamship

"KUTSUNG"

Captain JACKSON will be despatched as above on THURSDAY, the 23rd instant, at NOON.

For Freight or Passages apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 15th July, 1891. [1709]

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

NOTICE.

STEAM FOR SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA, COLOMBO, PONDECHERRY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MEDITERRANEAN, ALEXANDRIA, MARSEILLE, AND PORTS OF BEIRAZIL AND LA PLATA; 1890.

LONDON, HAVRE, AND BORDEAUX. ON WEDNESDAY, the 23rd inst., 1891, at 11 A.M. of NOON, the Company's Steamship "NADIA" will be despatched from Macao, Passengers, Specie, and Cargo, will leave this Port for the above places.

Cargo and Specie will be registered for London as well as for Marseilles, and accepted in transit through Marseilles for the principal Places of Europe.

Shipments of Goods will be granted till NOON, Orders will be received on board until 4 P.M. Specie and Parcels until 8 P.M., on the 28th instant. (Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at the Agency's Office.) Contents and Value of Packages are required.

For further particulars, apply at the Company's Office.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

Agent.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1891. [1708]

FOR NEW YORK.

THE S. L. L. CHINESE SHIP.

CARL FRIEDRICH,

Capt. Froehlich, will load here for the above Port and will quick despatch.

For Freight apply to

SIEMSEN & Co.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1891. [1708]

M. BOUCHARD,

KORE, JAPAN,

A.B.C. CORSET MANUFACTURERS,

WHOLESALES and RETAIL.

For particulars and prices apply to

J. BOUCHARD,

KORE, JAPAN.

Hongkong, 14th July, 1891. [1709]

## ENTERTAINMENT.

CITY OPERA HALL.

THE WILLARD OPERA COMPANY.

TO-NIGHT.

(THURSDAY, JULY 16TH.)

PAUL JONES' PHENOMENAL SHOWS.

"PAUL JONES."

By desire.

Paul Jones (Shipping Clerk at Macao) and Mr. W. WALTERS, Captain of the "Amoy" (Mr. P. VERNARD, Captain of the "Amoy" and Mr. P. SADIE, Merchant).

Don Trocadero (Captain of the "Trocadero") and Mr. HALL, Captain of the "Trocadero" (Mr. E. F. KELLY, Captain of the "Trocadero").

Kit Kestrel (Skipper of the "Kestrel") and Mr. E. F. KELLY, Captain of the "Kestrel" (Mr. E. F. KELLY, Captain of the "Kestrel").

John Pierrot (Actor) and Mr. HALL, Captain of the "Trocadero" (Mr. E. F. KELLY, Captain of the "Trocadero").

Malagueño (Ward of Don Chon) and Miss B. ROYAL, Miss B. ROYAL (Miss B. ROYAL).

Yvonne (Miss Biocquot) and Miss A. ST. JOHN, Miss A. ST. JOHN (Miss A. ST. JOHN).

Sailors, Privates, Girls of St. Malo, Courtesies, &c.

Conductor Mr. T. ZEPPLIN.

SATURDAY, 17TH JULY, 1891.

PAQUETTE'S ROMANTIC COMEDY, "RIP VAN WINKLE."

Plan now Open at Macao, KENT & WALSH, Price, \$2, 50, and \$1.

Late Train will run on Saturday at 2.45 p.m. and 4 hours after the Performance.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1891. [1708]

BOARD AND LODGING.

In a Central and airy Situation within a few minutes of the Clock Tower.

Address M. care of Office of this Paper.

Hongkong, 20th June, 1891. [1709]

W. B. E. W. E. R.

Has just received

Academy Pictures, 1891.

Salon Pictures, 1891.

Monie's New China and Old.

Badminton Riding and Polo.

All about the Royal Navy.

Arnold's Light of the World.

The British Stylographic Pen.

The Cross Stylographic Pen.

Oak Stationery Case.

Japaned Tin Dispatch Boxes.

Good Data Cases.

Window Transparencies for Decoration.

New Stock Brown Russia Shoes.

New Stock Brown Morocco Shoes.

New Stock Black Bed Shoes.

New Stock Denim Tennis Racquets.

New Stock Sailor's Black Gut Tennis Racquets.

Large Stock Albums.

WALTER W. BREWELL UNDER HONGKONG HOOT.

KELLY & WALSH, LIMITED.

Miss Nobody of Nowhere, by Author of "Barnes of New York."

War, by Colonel F. Maurice.

Beating Man's Vade Mecum.

India and America Pictures, Part 2.

Queen Stories from Truth.

Walker's Pocket Atlas of the World.

Winwood's History of Man.

P. & O. Pocket Book.

Anderson's Japanese Art, half morocco.

Ashley's Origin of Property, Land.

Wood's History of Art.

The Cyclopaedia Atlas—the best Chinese Atlas in the World.

The Ursuline Atlas.

Wornwood, by Marie Corneille.

Penman's Tales from Hills, by Rudyard Kipling.

Conder's Flowers of Japan, and the Art of Flora.

The Light that Failed, by Rudyard Kipling.

Kinney's Straight Cut Cigarettes.

Sweet Caporal Cigarettes.

American Squares—Plain and Gilt Edge.

Indicator Playing Cards.

Chinese Playing Cards—a special line suitable for the Chinese Market.

KELLY & WALSH, LTD., HONGKONG.

W. POWELL & CO.

Has received a New Shipment of

AUSTRIAN BENTWOOD FURNITURE

DINING-ROOM CHAIRS,

ARM CHAIRS,

ROCKING CHAIRS,

OFFICE SPRING-REVOLVING CHAIRS,

CHILDREN'S CHAIRS,

MUSIC STOOLS & SETTERS,

W. POWELL & CO.

HONGKONG, 14th July, 1891. [1708]</

## INTIMATIONS.

HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.  
GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTING  
DEPARTMENT.

## SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE.

To make Room for forthcoming Autumn and Winter Stock, we are now offering some really Cheap Bargains in the above Department, a few of which are enumerated below:

SUMMER MESSING, BELLIGGAN, and LISLE THREAD. HALF HOSE..... from \$25 per doz.

SUMMER VESTS..... from \$35 per doz.

CORK and PITH SUN HATS and HELMETS..... \$25 each.

CANVAS SHOES..... \$1.75 per pair.

STRAW HATS..... \$1.00 each.

CALF and KID BOOTS and SHOES..... \$2 and \$3 per pair.

SILK SCARFS..... \$3.00 for \$1.00.

HONGKONG TRADING COMPANY, LTD.  
12 GOLD MEDALS and 5 SILVER MEDALS  
By Appointment.

KUHN & CO.  
HONGKONG. (Established, 1869.)

THE ORIENTAL FINE ART DEPOT.  
Known as the Oldest and most reliable Establishment in the East.  
Hongkong, 9th February, 1891.

BY APPOINTMENT.  
A. S. WATSON & COMPANY, LIMITED.  
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.  
MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED  
WATERS.

OUR NEW FACTORY has been recently visited with automatic Steam Machinery of the latest and most approved kind, and we are well able to compete in quality with the best English Makers.

The purest ingredients only are used, and the utmost care and cleanliness are exercised in the manufacture throughout.

LARGE BOTTLED BOMBAY SODAS.

OUR WORKMEN supply large bottles of their own first of English quality, to those of our Customers who prefer to have them to the ordinary size.

COAST PORT TRADES, whenever practicable, are despatched by first steamer leaving after receipt of order.

OUR FINE WATERS are packed and placed on board the steamer, paying price, and the full amount allowed for Postage and Expenses will receive in good order.

Counters of Order Books supplied on application.

Our Registered Telegraphic Address is: DISPENSARY, HONGKONG, and all signed messages addressed thus will receive prompt attention.

The following is a List of Waters always kept ready in Stock:-

PURE AERATED WATER

SODA WATER

LEMON WATER

POTASH WATER

SALTZER WATER

LITHIA WATER

SABASPARILLA WATER

TONIC WATER

GINGER ALE

GINGERADE

No Credit given for those that look dirty, or are in any way unsatisfactory, or for any other purpose than that of containing Aerated Water, as such Bottles are never used again by us.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED,  
Hongkong, China, and Manila. 12-15

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Any notice relating to the news column should be addressed to "THE EDITOR."

Correspondents are requested to forward their name and address with communications addressed to the Editor for publication, but as evidence of good faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one side only, and in a clear, legible hand.

Orders for extra copies of the Daily Press should be sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication after that hour the supply is limited.

Telegraphic Address: Press. Telephone No. 42.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, JULY 16TH, 1891.

In his trade report for the year 1890 the Commissioner of Customs at Pekhio shows the disastrous effect of the Ching-fai tax on the trade of that port. The report would form a profitable reading for the Viceroy at Canton, who, in his endeavour to bleed the trade, is simply driving it to the Tonkin route. Mr. SCHOTZKOWSKI, of course, speaks only of the customs point of view, that is, with regard to the revenue, but looking at the matter from a more general point of view we must say that all would not be well, even though the collection at Mongtu and Lungchow more than made up for the loss at Pekhio, because the diversion of the carrying trade must mean a very serious loss to the provinces whose rulers so fatuously drove it away. If the squeeze stations, on the Canton River were swept away, the junk traffic would be increased many times over, and if in addition to this the river were opened to steam navigation, even if only to the extent of allowing junks to tow the junks upstream, the growth in the volume of trade and in the consequent prosperity of the population would be augmented to an extent of which it is difficult to form any adequate conception. All this magnificent possibility, however, has to be sacrificed to the greed of a set of squeezing mandarins.

As was to be expected, the Friend of China culminated in the surprise vote snatched by Sir Joseph Pease in the House of Commons on his opinion resolution, and particularly rejoiced in the phalanx of Radicals who supported it. This triumph is a little dashed by the failure of Mr. GLADSTONE to follow "the dictates of righteousness and morality," regardless of pecuniary considerations; but comfort is again sought in the reflection that the almost solid Liberal vote cast for the resolution has, at all events, rendered it impossible, for any future "Liberal" Government to sanction the continuance of the trade in opium." The Friend then passes in review the various journals that had a good word to say for the resolution, marvellously few in number, and, with the exception of the Daily News, very deficient in influence. The hostile criticism is thus referred to by this organ of the opium-fighters:—"It is hardly worth while to refer to the angry invectives which have appeared in other papers since the debate. Anglo-Indians of the baser sort have free access, evidently, to the columns of some of these; and they have not scrupled to employ the familiar machinery of misrepresentation, and, sometimes of scurrilous abuse." It seems strange that Anglo-Indians of the baser sort" should have access to the columns of the Times, Standard, Morning Post, Chronicle, St. James's Gazette, Saturday Review, Spectator, and nearly every organ of light and leading, while the high-toned moralists who are so eager to sacrifice the Indian-royal for the supposed benefit of the "opium-goddess Chinaman" can only get two or three obscure provincial journals and one London daily to champion their cause. The truth is the Friend of China's comments were penned some little time after the worthy Sir Joseph's famous victory, when the real value of it was beginning to be evident, and after several blighting facts in the controversy had been set forth, to the secret dismay of the agitators. Since that time Sir THOMAS WADE has entered the arena and doctored rude blows to this quixotic crusade, which has been shown to be thoroughly unnecessary, and so gratuitously mischievous. Hence the gross abuse which the Friend of China, in the absence of sound argument, has resorted to, and which is the sure sign of a weak and failing cause.

On the 11th inst. three croaker powder making shops at Shiu-kuo village, near Canton, were destroyed by fire.

We have that the total amount realised by the sale of the "Marine" including "everything" amounts to a little over \$12,000.

The meeting advertised to be held yesterday to consider the appointment of a Chinese Consul has been postponed to Thursday next.

The Straits Times publishes financial tables, according to which Hainan Island is quoted at \$4,000 per ton and its value on the 8th inst. at the British Stock exchange.

Telegraphic Address: Press. Telephone No. 42.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, JULY 16TH, 1891.

In his trade report for the year 1890 the Commissioner of Customs at Pekhio shows the disastrous effect of the Ching-fai tax on the trade of that port. The report would form a profitable reading for the Viceroy at Canton, who, in his endeavour to bleed the trade, is simply driving it to the Tonkin route. Mr. SCHOTZKOWSKI, of course, speaks only of the customs point of view, that is, with regard to the revenue, but looking at the matter from a more general point of view we must say that all would not be well, even though the collection at Mongtu and Lungchow more than made up for the loss at Pekhio, because the diversion of the carrying trade must mean a very serious loss to the provinces whose rulers so fatuously drove it away. If the squeeze stations, on the Canton River were swept away, the junk traffic would be increased many times over, and if in addition to this the river were opened to steam navigation, even if only to the extent of allowing junks to tow the junks upstream, the growth in the volume of trade and in the consequent prosperity of the population would be augmented to an extent of which it is difficult to form any adequate conception. All this magnificent possibility, however, has to be sacrificed to the greed of a set of squeezing mandarins.

As was to be expected, the Friend of China culminated in the surprise vote snatched by Sir Joseph Pease in the House of Commons on his opinion resolution, and particularly rejoiced in the phalanx of Radicals who supported it. This triumph is a little dashed by the failure of Mr. GLADSTONE to follow "the dictates of righteousness and morality," regardless of pecuniary considerations; but comfort is again sought in the reflection that the almost solid Liberal vote cast for the resolution has, at all events, rendered it impossible, for any future "Liberal" Government to sanction the continuance of the trade in opium." The Friend then passes in review the various journals that had a good word to say for the resolution, marvellously few in number, and, with the exception of the Daily News, very deficient in influence. The hostile criticism is thus referred to by this organ of the opium-fighters:—"It is hardly worth while to refer to the angry invectives which have appeared in other papers since the debate. Anglo-Indians of the baser sort have free access, evidently, to the columns of some of these; and they have not scrupled to employ the familiar machinery of misrepresentation, and, sometimes of scurrilous abuse." It seems strange that Anglo-Indians of the baser sort" should have access to the columns of the Times, Standard, Morning Post, Chronicle, St. James's Gazette, Saturday Review, Spectator, and nearly every organ of light and leading, while the high-toned moralists who are so eager to sacrifice the Indian-royal for the supposed benefit of the "opium-goddess Chinaman" can only get two or three obscure provincial journals and one London daily to champion their cause. The truth is the Friend of China's comments were penned some little time after the worthy Sir Joseph's famous victory, when the real value of it was beginning to be evident, and after several blighting facts in the controversy had been set forth, to the secret dismay of the agitators. Since that time Sir THOMAS WADE has entered the arena and doctored rude blows to this quixotic crusade, which has been shown to be thoroughly unnecessary, and so gratuitously mischievous. Hence the gross abuse which the Friend of China, in the absence of sound argument, has resorted to, and which is the sure sign of a weak and failing cause.

The fishmongers at Pekhio have suspected themselves of having been issued by the local mandarin to the effect that a tax of two cash per catty was to be imposed on the sale of fish.

One of the villages attacked was that of Kau-ku, where a number of houses were destroyed and their contents stolen. The local mandarins arrested seven men accused of participation in the disturbance and sent them to Canton, at the same time reporting the matter to the Viceroy. A company of soldiers has been sent from Canton to the village to suppress any further riot that may be attempted.

SUPREME COURT.

15th July.

IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

BEFORE MR. E. A. JACKSON, ACTING CHIEF JUSTICE.

TANG YUNG MAD v. TANG YUNG SHANG.

The hearing of this suit was remitted.

Mr. JACKSON, Q.C., with Mr. Phillips, instructed for the plaintiff, and Mr. B. C. B. Wilson, with Mr. Robson, for the defendant.

The cross-examination of the defendant was remitted. He said—"The second lady. He entered a cause against plaintiff of the will being burnt. He charged me with having forged the will. I was not present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw the cause. It was the law that said I had to be present at the meeting when Chinese was read, but I was not present at the meeting when the matter in dispute. I signed an agreement to give Hainan Island to the plaintiff, but I did not sign any other paper giving her any other property. I did not give her those papers because she agreed to withdraw



## TO LET

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE FIRST and SECOND FLOORS of No. 18, PRAYA CENTRAL, splendidly fitted for SHIPPING OFFICES, having a commanding view of the Harbour.

Applies to the MAYOR.

CARMICHAEL &amp; CO., LIMITED.

18, Praya Central.

Hongkong, 1st March, 1891. [163]

## TO BE LET.

DRY GODDOWNS, EAST and WEST.

D. ROSE VILLAS WEST, BONHAM and ROBINSON ROADS, Furnished, with Tennis Lawns.

Apply to

SHARP &amp; CO.

Telegraph House.

Hongkong, 14th July, 1891. [164]

THE KOWLOON LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

## TO LET.

KNUTSFORD TERRACE.

KOWLOON.

HOUSES with 5 Rooms, including Bath-Rooms, Tennis Courts, Glass roof and healthy situation. Rent and Taxes \$32 a month.

Applies to

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT &amp; AGENCY CO., LTD.

Hongkong, 25th March, 1891. [165]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

HOUSE, NO. 12, ABBYTHORPE ROAD, known as the French Consulate.

Applies to

J. A. DE CAVALHO.

Hongkong, 10th July, 1891. [166]

THE PEAR BUILDING CO., LIMITED.

## TO LET.

SEVEN FIVE-ROOMED HOUSES Nos. 2 to 8, STEWART TERRACE, near Peak Church, Garden.

Applies to

THE SECRETARY,

at Office, 53, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, 27th February, 1891. [167]

## TO LET.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE DESIRABLE RESIDENCES

CRAIGELLAICH, BONHAM ROAD.

STOWFORD, BONHAM ROAD.

Applies to

LINSTEAD &amp; DAVIS.

Hongkong, 25th June, 1891. [168]

## TO BE LET.

POSSESSION FROM 1ST JULY NEXT.

THE PREMISES now in our possession, known as "CONNAUGHT HOUSE," in Queen's Road Central.

For further particulars, apply to

THE MARINBURG FURNITURE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Hongkong, 25th June, 1891. [169]

## TO LET.

NO. 4, WEST TERRACE.

Apply to

G. C. ANDERSON,

18, Praya Central, Hongkong, 5th February, 1891. [170]

## TO BE LET.

A exceedingly comfortable and cool Six-Roomed HOUSE.

Applies to

The Secretary,

HUMPHREY'S ESTATE AND FINANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Hongkong, 21st May, 1891. [171]

## TO BE LET.

HOUSES at MOUNTAIN VIEW, near Peak's Gap, Hill District, consisting of 5 and 6 Rooms Dwelling houses with every convenience. These houses overlook both sides of the island are cool, comfortable, and healthy.

Applies to

JOHN A. JUPE,

Secretary,

THE AUSTIN ABER HOTEL AND BUILDING COMPANY, LTD.

Hongkong, 27th May, 1891. [172]

## NOTICE.

TO LET.

THE PREMISES No. 9, PRAYA CENTRAL.

Lately occupied by Messrs. BUSSELL &amp; CO.

The whole by flats or single rooms, suitable for Offices and Dwelling.

Applies to

E. D. SASSON &amp; CO.

Hongkong, 22nd June, 1891. [173]

## TO LET.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

W. ESTEBOURNE VILLA, NORTH, Low Rental. Newly painted and repaired.

Applies to

LINSTEAD &amp; DAVIS.

Hongkong, 29th June, 1891. [174]

## TO LET.

WITH POSSESSION FROM 1ST PROXIMO.

THE TOP FLOOR of GIBB, LIVINGSTON &amp; CO., LTD., consisting of Five Spacious Rooms and Three Bath-Rooms, suitable either as Office or Dwelling Apartments.

Applies to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON &amp; CO.

Hongkong, 15th July, 1891. [175]

## MACAO.

TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

TWO or THREE BEDROOMS, with use of Sitting and Dining Room.

Applies to

J. WHITE

16th July, 1891. [176]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

HOUSE, NO. 35, WYNDHAM STREET.

Applies to

J. A. DE CARVALHO.

Hongkong, 4th July, 1891. [177]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

HOUSE at the PEAK, "HAYSTACK."

Applies to

REUÉE, BROCKELMANN &amp; CO.

Hongkong, 14th July, 1891. [178]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

OFFICES above Messrs. DOUGLAS LAFRAK &amp; CO.'s Premises.

Applies to

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT &amp; AGENCY CO., LTD.

Hongkong, 31st December, 1890. [179]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

NO. 3, CASTLE ROAD.—One Desirable

Residence with 6 Rooms.

KINDELEY VILLAS, KOWLOON.—Two Healthily situated Houses.

WEST END TERRACE.—Two Comfy 4-Roomed Houses.

Real moderate.

Applies to

SPANISH PROCURATOR.

Hongkong, 9th July, 1891. [180]

## TO BE LET.

## TO LET.

SECOND FLOOR, DUNDELL STREET, NO. 3, FIVE ROOMS, BATHROOM and PANTRY. Apply to EDWARD SCHELLHASS & CO., Hongkong, 7th July, 1891. [181]

## TO LET.

DESIRABLE OFFICE on FIRST or SE-OND FLOOR, and GODOWNS, NO. 13, PRAYA CENTRAL. Apply to WOLVERFORT & HIRST, Hongkong, 22nd May, 1891. [182]

## TO LET.

THE GROUND FLOOR of NO. 10, PRAYA EAST, hitherto occupied by the German Consulate, consisting of 4 Rooms, Rent \$25 per month.

The SECOND FLOOR of NO. 11, PRAYA EAST, consisting of 5 Rooms, 3 Bed-Rooms, with Servants' Quarters. Apply to WANCHAI WAREHOUSE & STORAGE CO. LTD., METER & CO., General Managers, Hongkong, 3rd July, 1891. [183]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE GROUND FLOOR of NO. 10, PRAYA EAST, hitherto occupied by the German Consulate, consisting of 4 Rooms, Rent \$25 per month.

The SECOND FLOOR of NO. 11, PRAYA EAST, consisting of 5 Rooms, 3 Bed-Rooms, with Servants' Quarters. Apply to WANCHAI WAREHOUSE & STORAGE CO. LTD., METER & CO., General Managers, Hongkong, 3rd July, 1891. [184]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE GROUND FLOOR of NO. 10, PRAYA EAST, hitherto occupied by the German Consulate, consisting of 4 Rooms, Rent \$25 per month.

The SECOND FLOOR of NO. 11, PRAYA EAST, consisting of 5 Rooms, 3 Bed-Rooms, with Servants' Quarters. Apply to WANCHAI WAREHOUSE & STORAGE CO. LTD., METER & CO., General Managers, Hongkong, 3rd July, 1891. [185]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE GROUND FLOOR of NO. 10, PRAYA EAST, hitherto occupied by the German Consulate, consisting of 4 Rooms, Rent \$25 per month.

The SECOND FLOOR of NO. 11, PRAYA EAST, consisting of 5 Rooms, 3 Bed-Rooms, with Servants' Quarters. Apply to WANCHAI WAREHOUSE & STORAGE CO. LTD., METER & CO., General Managers, Hongkong, 3rd July, 1891. [186]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE GROUND FLOOR of NO. 10, PRAYA EAST, hitherto occupied by the German Consulate, consisting of 4 Rooms, Rent \$25 per month.

The SECOND FLOOR of NO. 11, PRAYA EAST, consisting of 5 Rooms, 3 Bed-Rooms, with Servants' Quarters. Apply to WANCHAI WAREHOUSE & STORAGE CO. LTD., METER & CO., General Managers, Hongkong, 3rd July, 1891. [187]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE GROUND FLOOR of NO. 10, PRAYA EAST, hitherto occupied by the German Consulate, consisting of 4 Rooms, Rent \$25 per month.

The SECOND FLOOR of NO. 11, PRAYA EAST, consisting of 5 Rooms, 3 Bed-Rooms, with Servants' Quarters. Apply to WANCHAI WAREHOUSE & STORAGE CO. LTD., METER & CO., General Managers, Hongkong, 3rd July, 1891. [188]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE GROUND FLOOR of NO. 10, PRAYA EAST, hitherto occupied by the German Consulate, consisting of 4 Rooms, Rent \$25 per month.

The SECOND FLOOR of NO. 11, PRAYA EAST, consisting of 5 Rooms, 3 Bed-Rooms, with Servants' Quarters. Apply to WANCHAI WAREHOUSE & STORAGE CO. LTD., METER & CO., General Managers, Hongkong, 3rd July, 1891. [189]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE GROUND FLOOR of NO. 10, PRAYA EAST, hitherto occupied by the German Consulate, consisting of 4 Rooms, Rent \$25 per month.

The SECOND FLOOR of NO. 11, PRAYA EAST, consisting of 5 Rooms, 3 Bed-Rooms, with Servants' Quarters. Apply to WANCHAI WAREHOUSE & STORAGE CO. LTD., METER & CO., General Managers, Hongkong, 3rd July, 1891. [190]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE GROUND FLOOR of NO. 10, PRAYA EAST, hitherto occupied by the German Consulate, consisting of 4 Rooms, Rent \$25 per month.

The SECOND FLOOR of NO. 11, PRAYA EAST, consisting of 5 Rooms, 3 Bed-Rooms, with Servants' Quarters. Apply to WANCHAI WAREHOUSE & STORAGE CO. LTD., METER & CO., General Managers, Hongkong, 3rd July, 1891. [191]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE GROUND FLOOR of NO. 10, PRAYA EAST, hitherto occupied by the German Consulate, consisting of 4 Rooms, Rent \$25 per month.

The SECOND FLOOR of NO. 11, PRAYA EAST, consisting of 5 Rooms, 3 Bed-Rooms, with Servants' Quarters. Apply to WANCHAI WAREHOUSE & STORAGE CO. LTD., METER & CO., General Managers, Hongkong, 3rd July, 1891. [192]

## TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE GROUND FLOOR of NO. 10, PRAYA EAST, hitherto occupied by the German Consulate, consisting of 4 Rooms, Rent \$25 per month.

The SECOND FLOOR of NO. 1